

Newport Daily News.

VOL. XXIII--No. 15.

NEWPORT, R. I. SATURDAY AFTERNOON, JANUARY 18, 1868.

Single Copies Three Cents

The Newport Daily News

DAVIS & PITMAN,
At No. 18 Church Street,
Terms \$6.00 per annum.

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NOTICE or Article to be inserted in the reading columns will charge fifty percent extra, reckoning by the piece, except.

Special Notices will be charged one-half more than the regular rate.

All bills are payable quarterly.

DAVIS & PITMAN.

TRAVELER'S DIRECTORY.

AMERICAN STEAMBOAT CO.

PROVIDENCE AND NEWPORT

Fall and Winter Arrangement

to go into effect MONDAY, September 30th, 1867.

On and after the above-mentioned day, and until further notice, the favorite steamer

CITY OF NEWPORT, Capt. G. H. Ryall, will leave Providence for Providence daily, (Sunday excepted) at 8 A. M., and will leave Providence for Newport, at 4 P. M.

FARE, 75 CTS. each way.

Children under 12 years of age, 40 cents.

OLD COLONY AND NEWPORT RAILWAY.

NEW LINE OPEN TO BOSTON,

(via Tiverton.)

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, DEC. 30, 1867, TRAINS WILL RUN AS FOLLOWS:

Tiverton, Newport.

For BOSTON—400, 6:15 A. M. and 8:00 A. M., 3:00 P. M.

For NEWPORT—6:15 A. M. and 8:00 A. M., 3:00 P. M.

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NEWPORT DAILY NEWS

SATURDAY January 18, 1868.

MORALS AT WEST POINT.

The Chicago Tribune published a private letter from a graduate at West Point, which is rather severe on the morals of the Military Academy. We have good reason to believe that, with but such changes as the differences in the organization of the schools require, the description is equally applicable to the training school for the Navy. After praising it as a school of science, the writer says:—"At West Point there is no moral influence. Not even the common barriers of society are there to check and restrain the strong tendency toward vice. Religion there is not even in name, save to be scoffed at and derided. The natural result of all this is immorality, vulgarity, profanity and licentiousness, to a fearful degree. Much of this is checked by the strict confinement and rigid discipline, but it bursts forth at every opportunity, and nothing but a strong, thorough reorganizing of the whole course of training can ever change the moral atmosphere of West Point."

Young men go there every year with good habits, with unsullied reputations, and six months have passed they are completely debauched—their ideas are all changed. The principles which were as dear to them as life are broken and forgotten. Morally they are shipwrecked, and those who come after them imbibe their ideas, and follow their bad example. In order to make their practices more distinctly known to you, I will begin with the time the new cadets reports. He is put under the charge of the older cadets, who, under the pretence of teaching him discipline, treat him with the greatest brutality; and those whose duty it is to care for him, will let the other cadets to heap insults and petty indignities upon him. He is made to repeat, from the mouths of his tormentors, the vilest and most indolent stories and songs, stand upon a mount-piece and address (upon some vulgar subject) his audience of older cadets, until his limbs are ready to fail of their duty, and many other humiliating things (some of which it would not be decent to write) he is made to do.

You may ask, why an American youth of any spirit will endure such things, and why the others allow it. First, when a new cadet arrives he is alone, without friends, and at once he is set upon by twenty or thirty old cadets, whom he hardly knows whether he ought to obey or not. If he dare to disobey he must fight, else the opinion of the corps will be that he is a coward. He fights he is sure of being beaten, for a stronger man is always pitted against him, and it is a custom of the corps for the third class to go into 'training' about a month before the 'Yankees' arrive, so as to be able to dog the new comers. You may exclaim, "What high-toned honor!" It is the honor which West Point cadets show to new cadets. After going into camp the new cadet, or 'Yankee' (as he is called), must do the work of the old cadets, make holes, clean guns, run errands, light pipes, and fill pails of water, which have been upset on purpose to make work for him; these and other things must be done, and at the same time hear the most brutal language addressed to him at all times.

There are a certain number of the upper classes of the cadets appointed officers over the rest, and if they have any dislike for any of the fourth class ('Yankees') they show their revengeful spirit by reporting them for trials which they have never committed. The old cadets do not consider it dishonorable to treat a 'Yankee' in this manner. They are dead to every idea of justice, decency, or even common humanity."

NEW YORK NEWSPAPERS.—A New York letter in the Boston Post gossips that the leading metropolitan newspapers rule their editors:

Greeley's editorial management of the Tribune is so satisfactory to the stockholders that they have just re-elected him responsible editor. Rotation is the rule in the Tribune office. Old writers are going off, and new writers coming on all the time, but Horace is a permanent fixture. The rumor that Bryant was about to retire from the Evening Post has received an emphatic contradiction in his re-election to the post of chief editor. Mr. Bryant's labors on the Post are now very light. He leaves the long article to other hands and contented himself with paragraphs. Bennett, Sr., is still chief editor of the Herald, but any one gets a competent manager. He wants Mr. Hulbert to come back. The report of his desire to sell the Herald is untrue.

STATUS OF UNION STATES.—Among the cases before the Supreme Court is one intended to make a test question as to the status of the States lately in rebellion. During the war the confederate authorities in Texas sold several millions of indemnity bonds granted to that State by the general government some years ago; after the close of the war the authorities of Texas, under the provisional government, appeared in the Supreme Court here and obtained an injunction restraining the holders of these bonds from receiving interest. The parties now appear here and ask that this injunction be dissolved, upon the ground that Texas is not a State and has no standing as such in the court. An effort will be made soon, if the time is not otherwise occupied, to get this case up for argument in some form.

Francis Wayland, who has received the republican nomination for Lieutenant Governor of Connecticut, is a son of the late Rev. Dr. Wayland of this State, and inherits his small share of his eminent father's intellectual strength and ability. The result of the informal ballot in Connecticut is an indication that his merits are recognized in his adopted State. Of the 271 votes on the first ballot, 252 were cast for Francis Wayland, and the nomination was immediately made unanimous.

GENERAL HANCOCK'S COURSE.—Ex-Governor Flaubert of Louisiana expresses himself as very far from being satisfied with General Hancock's course, but thinks that reconstruction will be accomplished in his State in spite of the good will General Hancock shows to ex-rebels. He resigned his office as Governor because he could not get any support from General Hancock, and was constantly snubbed at headquarters.

GEORGE.—General Ringer and Captain Rockwell have taken charge of the Executive and Treasury departments of Georgia, in accordance with General Meade's orders, and have entered on the discharge of the duties of their respective departments. Captain Rockwell has taken charge of an empty treasury, the funds having been previously removed. Governor Jenkins is still in Milledgeville, but is expected to arrive in Augusta, his home, in a few days. General Meade has directed military officers to co-operate with the civil authority to suppress and punish crime, but to take cognizance of those cases where it is believed they will otherwise be a failure of impartial justice. Writs of habeas corpus are to be obeyed so far as to produce the body and make a respectful return, but custody is not to be surrendered.

DEATH BY TIGHT-LEAVING.—It seems incredible that the New York Sun, that in these days of the general diffusion of elementary knowledge concerning the functions of the human frame, any rational woman should kill herself with tight-lacing. Yet such a case actually occurred only last Saturday in New York. The victim was only twenty-four years of age. Not being so slight in figure as she desired to be, she was in the habit, not only of drawing her corsets together herself, but of obtaining the assistance of her friends for the same purpose, until finally her ribs were so pressed in upon her lungs as to cause an attack of apoplexy, resulting in death. The Bradfords Durfee makes her trips every day, but is more or less behind at each end of the route. This morning at a quarter before 9 o'clock, she was off the Ferry ship, with the sloop Wasp, Capt. Nash, in tow. We learn that the ice extends as far down as Prudential Island, and some of it is very thick.

TRAVELERS.—The Old Colony and Newport Railroad Company have established a new telegraphic office at their depot in Easton, which commenced receiving and transmitting messages, Thursday. This is a good move, as several trains pass each other daily at that place, and telegraphic communication with other portions of the road is important.

WOUNDED BOY.—Mr. William Stoddard of Middletown, reports that one of his sons, also a hired man and girl, taking the key from Bennington, they entered the safe, and extracted the above amount, after which they ran down and walked half an hour for the return of Mr. Joseph Bennington, another son who was absent, and who had in the house one of Little's patent burglar proof safe, containing a large amount. He did not return until the burglars had left, taking with them three horses and a cutter.

YOUNG VOLUNTEERS IN SERVICE.—The Secretary of War, Mr. Stanton, has sent a letter to the Senate, in reply to a resolution of inquiry, from which it appears that the volunteer officers now in service are as follows: Major-General O. O. Howard; Brigadier-Generals Scott, Seward and Brown; Lieutenant-Colonel Frederick Parker; two majors, eleven captains, six lieutenants, and twenty-one additional paymasters. The order is issued by Gen. Grant six weeks ago has been carried out with respect to all the volunteer officers but these, most of whom are retained in the service of the Freedmen's Bureau. The six lieutenants and four of the captains belong to the Veteran Reserve Corps. The paymasters are likely to be retained for some time yet, as their services are absolutely essential to the proper pay of the army.

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Stoves at Cost.

WE WILL SELL THE REMAINDER OF OUR

Stock of Stoves

AT COST for the next thirty

days.

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WM. G. TURNER,

DENTIST,

Cor. Touro & School Streets,

NEWPORT, R. I.

WILL devote his attention exclusively

to operations upon SATURNAL Teeth,

Jaws

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SAVINGS BANK OF NEWPORT.

Newport, Jan. 16, 1868.

THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES have declared an

allowance to be paid for the rent, and all

sums that have been on deposit for six months, and

two percent on all sums thereafter, less

for three months prior to the date, payable on

and after Saturday, January 15th, 1868.

WM. H. MCGREGOR, Treasurer.

To Let.

A NICE OFFICE on Main Avenue, now occu-

pied by Professor Laird. Rent, four hundred

dollars a year. Price-rent of April 1st. Ap-

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ALFRED SMITH.

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PRICE 25 CENTS.

Man's Mission on Earth.

CONTAINING OVER 100 PAGES.

BEING a series of Lectures by Dr. H. J. JACK-

BES, Illustrative of Moral, Social, and

Political Subjects, and their bearing on the

present & prospective happiness of the

children. Mailed free to all parts of the United States. Address: SECRETARY OF THE MISSION, Boston.

Jan. 16.

William Allan,

No. 1 Stone Street, (off Broad).

AS greatly enlarged his stand and increased his

stock of

GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS, and

Family Stores,

all of which are of the best quality and will be sold

at the lowest prices.

NEW GOODS CONSTANTLY RECEIVED.

Jan. 16.

French Note Paper, 15 cents per

Quire.

Commercial Note Paper, 8 cents per

Quire.

Another Lot of Those Cheap Albums.

NEW LOT OF STEREOSCOPES, \$1.25,

\$1.50, \$2.25, \$3.00,

—

DRAWING CLASS TAKE NOTICE.

A New Stock of DRAWING BOOKS

just received.

Rhode Island Horse Shoe Co.,

MANUFACTURERS OF THE

Perkins Improved

HAMMERED HORSE SHOE,

HAVE made arrangements to keep a full assort-

ment of their Shoes at the store of

GONGDON & CARPENTER,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

IRON, STEEL, ANVILS, BELLows,

HORSE SHOES, HORSE NAILS,

AXLES AND SPRINGS,

CORNER OF CANAL AND STEEPLE STS.

Providence, R. I.

Who will give their best attention to all orders with

which they may be favored.

Jan. 16.

New Books.

TRIBUNE ALMANAC, 1868.

ERRORS FROM KENTUCKY,

by Nash, P. S.

NAPOLEON AND BUCHEE,

by L. M. Mabie.

PLATING FOR HIGH STARS.

WARD, Agent,

130 Thames St.

JOHN F. JOHNSON,

Boot and Shoemaker,

HAS REMOVED FROM

No. 105 THAMES STREET TO NO. 13

LONG WHARF,

where he will continue his business heretofore.

Jan. 16.

JOHN H. STACY,

No. 12 Broad Street,

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MEATS & VEGETABLES.

GOODS, First Quality.

Prices as low as the times will allow

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COPPER.

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GOODS, at wholesale and retail, at

7 & 9 Broad Street.

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SUN-BURNER.

Students' Lamp Shade.

IT NEVER BREAKS, CHIMNEYS,

IT NEVER GETS OUT OF ORDER,

IT IS VERY CHEAP, AND A Fine Trade article.

Also, a very large & fine Lamp Paper Shade.

Can be had at a very low price.

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H. T. EASTON'S,

Kerosene Oil and Lamp

DEPOT,

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THE REPUBLICAN HERALD,

Daily and Weekly.

CIRCULATION, TEN THOUSAND COPIES

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Now is the Time to Subscribe!

——

THESE year 1868 will unquestionably be one pre-

pared with events of paramount moment to the

American people. It will dawn upon a Union more

“one and inseparable,” but practically dis-

joined, so far as a just Administration of our sys-

tem and theory of government is concerned, by par-

tial and substantial.

It will end, in a great measure, perplexed

the masses in an inverted and precarious condition,

and almost every general interest in an unsuccess-

ful state. During the year 1867, the following

events were unambiguously elected in the

United States:

March 1st, President Joseph R. Hawley, Thomas M. Johnson, George W. Williams, and

John G. Pritchard, A. C. Sher, and G. W. Wilber, &c.

April 1st, the 13th, together with the Directors of the

Providence Bank, held a meeting of the

Directors, at which they were unanimously elected

to the same office.

May 1st, the 13th, together with the Directors of the

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Aug. 1st, the 13th, together with the Directors of the

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Sept. 1st, the 13th, together with the Directors of the

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Oct. 1st, the 13th, together with the Directors of the

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